

Finding Multiples & LCM

Examples of Multiples:

15: 15, 30, 45, 60, 75, 90, 105, 120, 135, 150...

20: 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200...

multiples are all the #'s that are divisible by the number you're given. We commonly write them in order from smallest to largest.

Least Common Multiple (LCM):

LCM is the smallest multiple that the numbers share.

For example:

15: 15, 30, 45, (60)

20: 20, 40, (60)

LCM: 60